

Elastic Collisions

Conservation of Momentum

Objective:

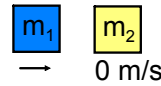
Apply conservation of momentum to elastic collisions.

Identify characteristics of elastic collisions.

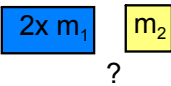
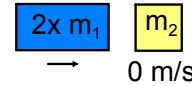
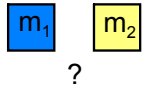
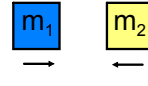
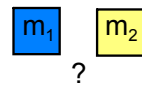
Calculate final momentum or velocity of objects in an elastic collision.



Before



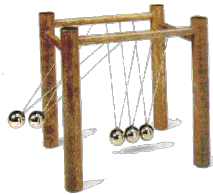
After



Conservation of Momentum

- total momentum is constant in a system
- applies to elastic & inelastic

$$\Sigma P_b = P_a$$



Elastic Collisions - bounce

- objects follow separate paths
- momentum is transferred between objects

total p before = total p after

$$p_1 + p_2 = p_1' + p_2'$$

$$m_1 \cdot v_1 + m_2 \cdot v_2 = m_1 \cdot v_1' + m_2 \cdot v_2'$$

Elastic Collision Problem

$$m_1 = .4 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = .2 \text{ kg}$$



$$v_1 = 6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_2 = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_1' = 2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_2' = ?$$

$$m_1 \cdot v_1 + m_2 \cdot v_2 = m_1 \cdot v_1' + m_2 \cdot v_2'$$

$$(4 \cdot 6) + (.2 \cdot 0) = (.4 \cdot 2) + (.2)v_2'$$

$$2.4 + 0 = .8 + .2v_2'$$

$$1.6 \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{m}{s} = .2v_2'$$

$$v_2' = 8 \text{ m/s}$$

Elastic Collision Problem

$$m_1 = .2 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = .4 \text{ kg}$$



$$v_1 = 6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_2 = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_1' = -2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_2' = ?$$

$$m_1 \cdot v_1 + m_2 \cdot v_2 = m_1 \cdot v_1' + m_2 \cdot v_2'$$

$$(.2)(6) + (.4)0 = (.2)(-2) + (.4)v_2'$$

$$1.2 + 0 = -.4 + .4v_2'$$

$$1.6 = .4v_2'$$

$$v_2' = 4 \text{ m/s}$$

Elastic Collisions

Assignments . . .



- Ch 6 Homework # 11 - 14



Homework Question # 11

$$m_1 = .165 \text{ kg}$$

$$V_1 = 3.2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_1' = 0$$

$$m_2 = .165 \text{ kg}$$

$$V_2 = 0$$

$$V_2' = ?$$

$$m_1 v_1 + m_2 v_2 = m_1 v_1' + m_2 v_2'$$

$$(.165)(3.2) + 0 = 0 + (.165)v_2'$$

$$.528 = .165 v_2'$$

$$v_2' = 3.2 \text{ m/s}$$

Homework Question # 12

$$m_1 = 300 \text{ kg}$$

$$V_1 = 10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_1' = 4.12 \text{ m/s}$$

$$m_2 = 125 \text{ kg}$$

$$V_2 = 0$$

$$V_2' = ?$$

a) $p = m_1 v_1$

b) $p = m_1 v_1'$

c)

$$m_1 v_1 + m_2 v_2 = m_1 v_1' + m_2 v_2'$$

$$3000 \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} + 0 = 1236 \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} + 125 v_2'$$

$$= 125 v_2'$$